

BUNGAY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

D. P. SCARLE

CLERK AND
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

TEL. 2178



12 EARSHAM STREET,
BUNGAY



A N N U A L R E P O R T

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH


Dr. A.C. Gee, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

and the

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

Mr. G.E. Goram, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

For the year 1971



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ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
FOR THE YEAR 1971.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Bungay Urban District Council.

Mr.Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report
on the Health of the Urban District of Bungay for the year 1971.

The Registrar-General's estimate of population for mid-1971 is 4,000 which is exactly the same as he estimated for mid-1970. The reason for this is that the true population revealed by the 1971 census gave Bungay a population 3,961, considerably lower than the estimate. This was a surprising figure as it was generally thought the estimates over the past few years have been on the low side.

There was a total of 60 live births in 1971 compared with 56 in 1970. There was one stillbirth and no deaths of infants under one year of age which is very pleasant to record.

The number of deaths of all ages was 75 which is about the same as the figures for the past four years. The causes of death were mainly those due to diseases of the circulatory system and cancer, but the number of deaths from cancer are at a satisfactory low level. The locally adjusted death rate for Bungay is 9.60 which is well below the national level of 11.60. The comparability factor for deaths in Bungay is 0.51 which means that half of the deaths recorded are of persons not normally resident in the district.

Sporadic cases of infectious disease occurred throughout the year but none approached epidemic proportions. Immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles and German measles has continued throughout the district.

I would like to record my thanks to you Mr.Chairman Ladies and Gentlemen for the interest you have shown, and to my officer colleagues on this Council for their help and cooperation in the public health work of the district throughout the year.

I have the honour to be

Your obedient servant,

A.C.GEE

Medical Officer of Health.

GENERAL STATISTICS

AREA (in acres)	2,642
POPULATION - Registrar General's Mid 1971 estimate	4,000
INHABITED HOUSES	1496
RATEABLE VALUE	£148,294
PENNY RATE - estimated product of new penny rate	£1456

VITAL STATISTICS

		Male	Female	Total
LIVE BIRTHS:	Total	38	22	60
	Legitimate	33	20	53
	Illegitimate	5	2	7
STILLBIRTHS:	Total	-	1	1
	Legitimate	-	-	1
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
TOTAL LIVE AND STILLBIRTHS:	Total	38	23	61
	Legitimate	33	21	54
	Illegitimate	5	2	7
DEATHS OF INFANTS				
Under 1 yr. of age	Total	-	-	-
	Legitimate	-	-	-
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
Under 4 weeks of age	Total:	-	-	-
	Legitimate	-	-	-
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
Under 1 week of age	Total	-	-	-
	Legitimate	-	-	-
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
DEATHS - all ages		34	41	75

LIVE BIRTH RATES, etc.	Bungay	England & Wales
Live births per 1,000 home population (crude rate)	15.0	16.0
Area comparability factor	1.03	1.00
Local adjusted rate	15.5	16.0
Ratio of local adjusted rate to national rate	0.97	1.00
Illegitimate live births as percentage of all live births	12.0	8.00

STILLBIRTH RATE

Stillbirths per 1,000 total live and stillbirths	16.0	12.0
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INFANT MORTALITY RATES

Deaths under one year per 1,000 live births	-	18.0
Deaths of legitimate infants under 1 year per 1,000 legitimate live births	-	17.0
Deaths of illegitimate infants under 1 year per 1,000 illegitimate live births	-	24.0
Neonatal mortality rate		
Deaths under 4 weeks of age per 1,000 live births	-	12.0
Early neonatal mortality rate		
Deaths under 1 week of age per 1,000 live births	-	10.0
Perinatal mortality rate		
Stillbirths and deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live and stillbirths	16.0	22.0

DEATH RATES, etc. - all ages

Deaths per 1,000 home population (crude rate)	18.8	11.6
Area comparability factor	0.51	1.00
Local adjusted rate	9.60	11.6
Ratio of local adjusted rate to national rate	0.83	1.00

CAUSES OF DEATH.

	Male	Female	Total
Malignant Neoplasm - intestine	-	1	1
Malignant Neoplasm - Lung, bronchus	1	1	2
Malignant Neoplasm - breast	-	1	1
Malignant Neoplasm - uterus	-	1	1
Malignant Neoplasm - prostate	1	-	1
Other Malignant Neoplasms	1	2	3
Multiple Sclerosis	-	1	1
Hypertensive Disease	1	-	1
Ischaemic Heart Disease	12	10	22
Other Forms of Heart Disease	3	7	10
Cerebrovascular Disease	2	4	6
Other Forms of Circulatory Disease	5	11	16
Influenza	-	1	1
Pneumonia	1	-	1
Bronchitis and Emphysema	2	-	2
Other forms of Respiratory Disease	-	1	1
Cirrhosis of Liver	1	-	1
Hyperplasia of Prostate	1	-	1
Diseases of Musculo-Skeletal System	1	-	1
All other Accidents	2	-	2
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	34	41	75

Under 4 weeks	4 weeks and under 1 year.	AGE IN YEARS									
		1 - 4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	Over 75	TOTAL:
-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	8	16	49	75

Deaths from Cancer of the Lung and Bronchus
during the years 1961 - 71

YEAR	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	DEATH RATE PER 1000 POPULATION.
1961	1	-	1	0.28
1962	4	-	4	1.1
1963	-	-	-	-
1964	3	-	3	0.81
1965	3	1	4	1.08
1966	4	-	4	1.08
1967	4	1	5	1.36
1968	3	-	3	0.77
1969	1	1	2	0.50
1970	1	2	3	0.75
1971	1	1	2	0.50

Table showing the more important Causes of Death,
Numbers and Percentages.

CAUSE OF DEATH	NUMBER OF DEATHS	PERCENTAGE
Diseases of Circulatory System	55	73.4
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System	1	1.3
Malignant Diseases	9	12.0
Pneumonia and Bronchitis	3	4.0
Other Diseases of the Respiratory system	1	1.3
Influenza	1	1.3
All other causes	5	6.7
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	75	100.0

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS.

YEAR	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971
Population	3630	3650	3690	3690	3740	3810	3910	3980	4000	4000
No. of inhabited houses	1265	1270	1288	1307	1332	1402	1457	1472	1484	1496
No. of live births	58	54	66	42	58	59	76	62	56	60
Birth Rate (Crude) **	15.9	14.8	17.9	11.38	15.5	15.5	19.4	15.6	14.0	15.0
No. of still births	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	2	1	1
Maternal Mortality	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infant Mortality Rate *	34.4	37.0	15.1	-	-	-	39.5	-	54	-
No. of deaths of infants	2	2	1	-	-	-	3	-	3	-
No. of deaths (all ages)	65	72	64	49	57	50	77	72	74	75
Death Rate (Crude) **	17.6	19.7	17.3	13.28	15.2	13.1	19.7	18.1	18.5	18.8

* Per 1,000 live births.

** Per 1,000 population

Number of all confirmed cases of infectious and other notifiable diseases notified during the year 1971, according to age and sex.

AGE	MEASLES			SCARLET FEVER			WHOOPING COUGH			INFECTIVE HEPATITIS		
	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-
1 - 2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 - 3	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 - 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 - 5	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 - 9	1	1	2	2	1	3	3	-	3	-	1	1
10 - 14	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
15 - 24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
25 - 44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
45 - 64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & Over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3	4	7	2	1	3	4	2	6	2	3	5

TOTALS: MALE 11 FEMALE 10 TOTAL 21

DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING 1971
CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO MONTH OF OCCURRENCE.

MONTH	MEASLES	SCARLET FEVER	WHOOPING COUGH	INFECTIVE HEPATITIS	TOTALS
January	-	1	-	-	1
February	-	-	-	-	-
March	-	-	-	-	-
April	-	-	-	-	-
May	-	-	4	-	4
June	-	1	2	1	4
July	-	-	-	1	1
August	3	-	-	3	6
September	2	1	-	-	3
October	-	-	-	-	-
November	-	-	-	-	-
December	2	-	-	-	2
TOTALS:	7	3	6	5	21

TUBERCULOSIS

	MALES		FEMALES		Total
	Pulmonary	Non Pulmonary	Pulmonary	Non Pulmonary	
No. of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1970	9	3	7	1	20
No. of cases added during the year	-	-	-	-	-
No. of cases removed during the year.	1	-	1	-	2
No. of cases on the Register at 31st December, 1971.	8	3	6	1	18

CASES ADDED TO THE REGISTER		CASES REMOVED FROM REGISTER.	
New Notifications	-	Recovered	-
Inward Transfers	-	Died	-
		Removed to other area	2
TOTAL	-		2

CASES ON THE REGISTER, ACCORDING TO AGE AND SEX AT 31st DECEMBER, 1971

AGE GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under 5 years	-	-	-
5 - 14 years	-	-	-
15 - 24 years	2	-	2
25 - 44 years	4	4	8
45 - 64 years	4	3	7
65 years and over	1	-	1
TOTAL:	11	7	18

PUBLIC HEALTH

SEWERAGE:

Regular sampling of effluent has been carried out by Officers of the East Suffolk and Norfolk River Authority, and all samples have been well within the prescribed limits of the Royal Commission.

There have been no extensions or alterations to the disposal works during the year, with the exception of adjustment to the jets on the rotor arms of the sprinklers so as to slow down the rate of movement and thus achieve a more suitable dosing of the filter beds. This was done in an attempt to increase the work of the filters which, as shown in the results of the stage sampling carried out last year, did not appear to be cleaning the effluent as much as they should.

The consultant engineer made further visits to the works and is arranging for further tests to enable him to produce his report and recommendations.

Removal of sludge by contract with Wainford R.D.C. has continued most satisfactorily, and no problems have arisen. The sludge is disposed of by burying with domestic refuse in the Council's refuse tip at Homersfield.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL:

Weekly collection of refuse has been maintained and we have been able to continue the back door collection of refuse, in spite of a steady increase in the number of collections to be made. A rearrangement of the collection service has made it possible to deal with the increased workload, and the two loaders drivers have been given a bonus payment accordingly.

The vehicle has been maintained in good condition by the private garage responsible, and we are indebted to them for the priority they always give for any urgent works. No major repairs have been necessary during the year.

All refuse is now taken to the Council's tip at Homersfield where it is disposed of by controlled tipping. Every effort has been made to prevent fires and consequent smoke nuisance, and the tip is regularly treated to deal with rats and flies. There have been no complaints concerning the tip during the year. The former tip at Annis Hill is now only used in cases of emergency.

The system whereby the Council will remove bulky items for destruction by arrangement with local residents has proved quite satisfactory.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
FOR THE YEAR 1971.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Bungay Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my report of the work carried out during 1971 in my capacity as Public Health Inspector to the Council.

The report is mainly statistical with brief explanatory comments under the various headings. I was able to carry out a fairly extensive inspection of the older houses in the Town and to compile an accurate record of those houses still without standard amenities. In spite of increased monies now available for improvement grants, property owners are still not very keen on having their houses modernized.

Further investigations were carried out for the consultant engineer regarding proposals for extensions to the sewage works. Minor improvements to the works were carried out during the year and all plant functioned satisfactorily.

I would wish to record my thanks to officers of neighbouring authorities who have carried out urgent duties for me whenever I have been away from the district.

Your Obadient Servant

G.E. GORAM

Public Health Inspector and Surveyor.

PEST CONTROL

Many more complaints of rat infestation were received during the year and these were all investigated and dealt with. In contrast no evidence of infestation was found during routine visits to premises where rats are usually to be found. There were 105 complaints investigated compared with 53 last year, and altogether 817 premises were visited resulting in 380 treatments.

The town sewers were not baited during the year.

There were two complaints only of mice infestation and these were successfully dealt with.

There were no complaints of infestation by other vermin or insect pests.

The Council's refuse tip at Homersfield was regularly inspected and spraying to control flies and poisoning to deal with rats was carried out as required. The gravel nature of the subsoil makes it difficult to effectively control rat infestation but the use of 'Cymag' proved successful.

NUISANCES.

No serious nuisance was reported in the district during the year. Minor defects in rented houses were investigated and all were remedied by informal action.

Complaints were received from persons residing near one of the industrial premises concerning noise nuisance at unreasonable hours of the evening. These were investigated and a meeting of interested parties was called and a useful discussion ensued from which we hope there will be no further cause for complaint.

Just before Christmas, a complaint was received that toys being sold in one of the shops appeared to be similar to those about which there had been an investigation elsewhere concerning a possible dangerous level of toxic paint. In consultation with Officers of the Weights and Measures Department, a sample of these toys was taken to the Public Analyst, and remaining stocks of the toys were removed from display. The result of the analysis did reveal a potential danger and the remedial action taken would appear to have been justified.

CARAVAN SITES:

Three sites were licensed during the year for residential caravans and one for holiday caravans. Two of the residential sites are for single caravans only and the third is licensed for sixteen vans. All were kept in good condition throughout the year.

The site licensed for holiday caravans is under the control of the Council and this gave no cause for concern during the year.

WATER SUPPLIES

All water consumed in the district is supplied by the East Anglian Water Company. The wells on Outney Common form part of this Company's resources, and most of the water consumed in Bungay comes from this source. The water supplied has been satisfactory throughout the year both in quality and quantity. Two samples were taken for chemical analysis and twelve samples for bacteriological examination. A copy of a typical chemical analysis report and a copy of a typical bacteriological examination report are given at the end of this report.

No reports were received of any contamination and there has been no evidence of plumbo-solvent action.

The fluoride content of local water is 0.25 parts per million.

Number of inhabited dwellings	1496
Number of dwellings supplied from a standpipe.. ..	1
Number of dwellings connection to the water main	1491
Number of dwellings not supplied with mains water	3

All dwellings in the last category are supplied from a private water supply.

RAINFALL

Rainfall during the year was a little below average. Following a very dry spring and autumn, there was heavy rain in November.

Annual rainfall in inches for the past nine years:-

1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971
22.77	19.19	26.65	26.87	23.09	29.34	25.12	25.02	22.90

Monthly rainfall for 1971

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
3.39	0.84	1.38	0.84	0.73	3.08	2.37	2.32	0.45	1.89	4.40	1.21

HOUSING.

Housing Conditions:

Number of houses inspected (Does not include revisits or visits to Council houses as Housing Officer.)	425
Number unsatisfactory in any respect	42
Number rendered fit:-	
1. Informal	8
2. Formal - Public Health Acts	-
3. Formal - Housing Act (Section 16)	-
4. By undertakings (Section 16)	-
5. Repair of scheduled (1955) unfit houses	2
Number of Demolition Orders secured	-
Number of dwellings included in Clearance Orders secured	-
Number of dwellings demolished by informal action	6
Number of dwellings demolished under Demolition Orders	5
Number of dwellings demolished under Clearance Orders	-
Number of dwellings in respect of which or part of which Closing Orders were made (including Local Government Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1953)	-
Undertakings accepted not to relet unfit houses	-
Total number of new houses erected -	
1. By Local Authority	3
2. By Private Enterprise	26
Number of families rehoused from unfit houses	7
Number of properties improved by Improvement Grants	
1. Discretionary	8
2. Standard	6

Substandard Housing

A row of five substandard cottages was demolished during the year and the site is to be redeveloped - one new house is in fact already erected. A row of five substandard almshouses was demolished and new replacement bungalows were erected in conjunction with new development for the Council. One other house was demolished for industrial expansion.

There is a total of fifty substandard houses within the district of which only twenty five are occupied. Of these, four are scheduled for early repair and one is awaiting demolition. Of the twentyfive unoccupied houses, nine are in use as stores by various industrial concerns, and seven are derelict.

Four substandard houses were repaired and modernised during the year and one derelict farmhouse has been transformed into a luxury home.

Improvement Grants

A survey of all the older houses in the district was completed during the year. Altogether 424 houses were inspected and it was found that there were 166 houses with external toilet and 145 without a bath, and twenty with a bath not in a proper bathroom. During the inspections opportunity was taken to talk to all residents of the provisions of the grant legislation. Letters were sent to the owners of those houses without a bath or internal toilet advising them of the legislation which exists to enable them to apply for a grant to provide these amenities.

During the year there were sixteen applications for discretionary grant and seven applications for standard grant. With the exception of one discretionary grant which was refused due to possible road widening, all other applications were approved. Six standard grants were paid out during the year involving £821 and eight discretionary grants were paid totalling £5069.

Private Housing

In the latter half of the year, there was much more activity in the private building sector, and, if this activity continues, new residential areas will have to be zoned. There is a great demand for single building sites and these are difficult to find. Most of the new building has been on two small estates and during the year 26 new houses were completed (including five almshouses) and 31 were commenced.

Houses in Multiple Occupation.

There are no houses of this category within the district.

Common Lodging Houses

There are none within the district.

Council Housing

Work was completed on the first stage of new bungalows for the elderly in Staithe Road. Eight units were completed but five of these were to replace a block of five substandard almshouses which had been demolished in another part of the Town. Plans to convert an existing old house into three small housing units and to extend it to provide for two more units were well in hand at the end of the year.

Work was commended on further development at St. Mary's Field Estate to provide for twentyeight houses and one shop with living accommodation over. All these units are to be heated by electricity warm air heating.

Two houses were sold to the occupying tenants during the year.

The number of dwellings owned by the Council at the end of the year totalled 535, made up as follows:-

Old houses acquired	7
Single bedroom houses	3
Two bedroomed houses	67
Three bedroom houses	324
Four bedroom house	28
Two bed-room bungalows	25
Single bedroom bungalows	21
Bed-sitter bungalows	10
Two bedroom Flats	49
Three bedroom flats	1

Of the old houses acquired by Council, two are awaiting demolition for a future road widening scheme, and one is to be converted into three smaller units.

Modernisation of the older houses continued and rewiring was carried out in 160 pre- 1940 houses. All that now remains to be completed is the provision of new modern baths to these same houses, and a contract for this work had been signed by the end of the year.

Little progress was made towards installing central heating in houses not provided with this amenity. Surprisingly little interest was shown by tenants in the three houses which were used to test central heating by oil and gas fired heating appliances with back boilers and by electric night store heating. Notwithstanding this, it was decided to go ahead with the installation of oil fired heating on one estate but only fitting those houses where the tenants had indicated their agreement.

FOOD HYGIENE.

MEAT INSPECTION:

The one licensed slaughterhouse was in use throughout the year, and has been kept in a satisfactory condition

A total of 1004 animals were slaughtered and all were inspected. Officers of adjoining authorities have carried out this work when I have been away and the ready co-operation of these officers is much appreciated.

	Cattle excluding cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
Number killed	94	1	17	273	620
Number inspected	94	1	17	273	620
Whole Carcases condemned Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-
Other Causes	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part of organ was condem- ned - Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	3
Other Causes	-	1	-	-	13

Condemnations:

Cow	20lbs. Fevered
Pigs	6 plucks - pneumonia and inflammation
	1 liver - fatty degeneration
	5 livers - ascariasis
	3 heads - tuberculosis
	1 head - abscessed

Poultry Inspection

There are no poultry processing premises in the District.

Other Food Inspection:

The following items were voluntarily surrendered as being unfit for human consumption and were destroyed:

81lbs. of Frozen Foods	Defrosted
5 x 3lb tins cooked chicken	Decomposing

FOOD SAMPLING:

Routine sampling is carried out by officers of the Weights and Measures Department of the East Suffolk County Council. They report that twenty-nine samples were taken within the District. Two samples were found to be not genuine and representations were made to the manufacturer and the deficiency was rectified in subsequent samples.

Two complaints of unsound food were investigated. One was in respect of insect infestation of chocolate biscuits and the other concerned wrapping paper embedded into the meat content of a sausage. Representations were made to the two manufacturers concerned and their apology and explanation of the probable cause of the contamination was accepted by Council and no legal proceedings were instituted.

FOOD PREMISES:

All food premises have been regularly inspected throughout the year, and the general standard of cleanliness has been satisfactory. Copies of the Health Education Council's pamphlet 'Your guide to the Food Hygiene Regulations' were obtained and were distributed to all premises where food is handled.

One butchers shop was closed during the year due to the sickness of the proprietor but was later re-operated under new management.

One fruit and vegetable store is operated on one day each week in the market area.

Three mobile fish vans are operated within the district and all have been found to comply with the Market Stalls and Delivery Vehicle Regulations. One mobile fish van is operated from premises within the district and these premises have been regularly visited and found to be satisfactory.

There are no premises within the district where icecream is manufactured. There are nineteen premises registered for the sale of icecream and all deal in prepacked icecream.

All premises, with the exception of the fruit and vegetable stall in the market, comply with the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960.

Details of food premises are as under:-

Type of Premises	Number	Premises fitted to comply with regulation 16 (wash basins)	Premises to which regulation 19 applies (sinks)	Premises fitted to comply with regulation 19
Butchers	6	6	6	6
Grocers	10	10	10	10
Cafes & Hotels	7	7	7	7
Licensed Premises	12	12	12	12
Fish Fryers	3	3	3	3
Wet Fish	1	1	1	1
Bakers	4	4	4	4
Green-Grocers	7	7	7	7

MILK & DAIRIES

There are no dairy premises within the district and no bottling or processing plants.

One premises only is used for the distribution of milk which arrives in sealed bottles ready for delivery.

Inspection of dairies and cowsheds is the responsibility of Officers of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, and routine milk sampling is carried out by Officers of the County Council who report as follows:-

Milk samples taken for chemical analysis	4
Milk samples taken for bacteriological examination	1
Milk samples taken for brucella ring test	2
Milk samples taken for antibiotics	2
Milk samples taken for statutory tests under the Milk (special Designations) Regulations	4

OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT.

No new registrations were made during the year.

Four premises were removed from the register during the year. One office was closed and in the other three premises no persons, other than family, were employed.

REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS.

Class of Premises	Premises Registered during year	Premises Removed from Register during the year.	Total No. of Premises on Register at end of year.	Premises receiving General Inspection during the year.
Offices	-	1	16	12
Retail Shops	-	1	48	48
Warehouses	-	-	2	2
Catering Establishments.	-	2	3	3
Fuel Storage	-	-	-	-
TOTALS:	-	4	69	65

Total Employees - Male 133
272 Female 139

FACTORIES & WORKSHOPS.

Factories

One new power factory and one new non-power factory were added to the register during the year giving a total of 24

All premises were maintained in a satisfactory condition.

Outworkers:-

Two firms in the town employ outworkers and the total on the lists submitted by the two firms was 208 of which 64 are residents in Bungay.

PREScribed PARTICULARS OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1961

Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspection for purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises (1)	No. on Regis- ter. (2)	Number of		
		Insp. (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Section 1,2,3,4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	2	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	23	34	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers's Prem- ises)	5	12	-	-
TOTAL	29	48	-	-

2. Cases in which defects were found:-

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found.				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)	-	-	-	-	-
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-

Part VIII of the Act.

Outwork.

(Sections 133 and 134)

Nature of work (1)	No. of out-workers in August List required by Section (133) (1), (c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists. (4)	No. of instances of work in Unwholesome premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prosecutions (7)
Wearing apparel Making sheepskins	205					
do. shoes	3					

Cert. No. Y. 860

The chemical results are stated in parts per million.

Distinctive No. or name.	pH	Nitrogen				Chlorine as Chlorine	Permanganate Value	Hardness			Free Carbon Dioxide	Total Dissolved solids at 180°C	Iron as Fe	Other Metals	Manganese as Mn
		Ammoniacal	Aluminoid	Nitrate	Nitrite			Total	Carbonate (Temporary)	Non. Carb (Permanent)					
Treated water	7.0	0.01	0.03	0.3	nil	76	0.88	355	215	140	34	510	0.10	nil	0.12
<p>Appearance: clear except for several black specks. Deposit: iron compounds. Colour: nil.</p> <p>Taste: Satisfactory. Odour: Nil. Fluoride: 0.25</p>															

Remarks:-

This water is of very good organic quality and there is no chemical evidence of pollution. Its analytical characteristics as a whole are within the range of previous samples. The manganese, rather exceptionally, is higher than that of the iron content. In our opinion this water is suitable for drinking and general purposes.

Lincolne Sutton and Wood Ltd.

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF WATER.

Cert. Np. Y.752 Lab. No. 3516/7 4th August, 1971
 Sample submitted by East Anglian Water Co. Collected from Bungay on 27th July, 1971

MARK	Colonies per ml on agar at 37°C.		Probable No. per 100ml.	Additional Data
	24 hours	48 hours	Presumptive Coliforms	E. Coli Type 1
Raw water		3	Nil	1
Treated Water		Nil	Nil	Nil

Remarks:

These results are very satisfactory.

Lincolne Sutton and Wood Ltd.